



NORTH KOREA SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

AI-Assisted Open Source Intelligence Assessment

Analysis Period: March 03, 2026 - March 10, 2026

This report was produced using automated open-source intelligence analysis. The assessment is grounded in publicly available reporting and should be cross-referenced with primary sources. RSS feed articles are listed in the annex for reference.

Executive Summary

North Korea has entered the period of March 03-10, 2026, with a hardened security posture, emphasizing the irreversible nature of its nuclear program and a clear rejection of denuclearization as a precondition for dialogue. Leader Kim Jong Un has overseen recent military developments, including sea trials of a new warship and tests of nuclear-capable cruise missiles, signaling a commitment to expanding its nuclear triad. Pyongyang has also deepened its strategic alignment with China and Russia, viewing these relationships as crucial amidst escalating tensions with the United States and South Korea. Cybersecurity threats from North Korea remain significant, with the regime actively using illicit cyber activities to fund its weapons programs. The ongoing US-South Korea "Freedom Shield" military exercises have been met with North Korean condemnation, further entrenching a confrontational stance on the Korean Peninsula.

Key Security Developments

- Defense Policy and Strategic Shifts: Irreversible Nuclear Status

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un unequivocally declared the country's nuclear program as "permanent" and "completely and absolutely irreversible" during the 9th Workers' Party Congress, with reports on these statements emerging around March 4, 2026. This pronouncement signals a fundamental shift in North Korea's strategic doctrine, cementing nuclear weapons as a non-negotiable aspect of its national security and effectively closing the door on denuclearization talks.

- Military Activities and Exercises: New Warship and Cruise Missile Tests

Last week, prior to March 10, 2026, Kim Jong Un inspected sea trials of a new warship and tests of what state media described as nuclear-capable cruise missiles. This activity, reported on March 10, 2026, underscores North Korea's ongoing efforts to diversify its nuclear delivery platforms, potentially including surface vessels to enhance the dispersal and operational scope of its nuclear deterrent.

- Military Activities and Exercises: Expanding Nuclear Triad Capabilities

During his work summary report delivered on February 20 and 21, and reported on March 4, 2026, Kim Jong Un emphasized the development of emerging military technologies and the expansion of the delivery means and operational scope of North Korea's nuclear deterrent. This includes plans for expanded land and sea-based intercontinental ballistic missile (ICBM) complexes and operational-tactical missile

complexes, indicating a push to establish another leg of the nuclear triad under the "New National Defense Development Five-Year Plan."

- Defense Policy and Strategic Shifts: Focus on Advanced Weapon Systems

The final report on the 9th Party Congress, discussed in news on March 6, 2026, highlighted plans for advanced weapons systems, including AI-enabled uncrewed attack systems, electronic warfare capabilities, and anti-satellite weapons. This indicates a strategic focus on modernizing conventional forces alongside nuclear development, potentially leveraging insights from conflicts like the war in Ukraine.

- Diplomatic Relations: Reaffirmation of China Ties

On March 9, 2026, North Korean leader Kim Jong Un reaffirmed his country's "unwavering stance" to advance ties with China in a letter to Chinese President Xi Jinping. This correspondence, in response to Xi's congratulatory message on Kim's reelection, underscores the deepening strategic cooperation between Pyongyang and Beijing, with both leaders expressing a commitment to strengthening their traditional friendship.

- Diplomatic Relations: Continued Hostility Towards US and South Korea

Kim Jong Un reiterated during the 9th Party Congress that North Korea will continue to treat the United States and South Korea as its "enemies." This stance, reported on March 4, 2026, reinforces Pyongyang's long-standing position and indicates a continued diplomatic freeze, with North Korea seeing no immediate advantage in dialogue with either Washington or Seoul given its strengthened relations with Russia and China.

- Cybersecurity: Major Threat Actor Status

Britain's Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) cyber director, James Sullivan, stated on March 5, 2026, that Britain considers North Korea a "major cyber threat actor," alongside China, Russia, and Iran. Pyongyang is actively ramping up its cyberattack capabilities, with a high likelihood of cooperation with Russia on cyber operations, often engaging in cryptocurrency theft to fund its nuclear and missile programs.

- Military Activities and Exercises: US-ROK Freedom Shield Drills

The United States and South Korea commenced their annual springtime military exercises, "Freedom Shield," from March 9-19, 2026. These drills, described as defensive by the allies, are consistently condemned by North Korea as rehearsals for invasion, often serving as a pretext for Pyongyang's own military demonstrations and weapons testing.

- Security Incidents and Threats: Condemnation of US-Israeli Strikes on Iran

North Korea issued a strong condemnation on March 1, 2026, of the US and Israeli strikes on Iran, labeling them "illegal acts of aggression" and "the most despicable form of violation of sovereignty." This heightened rhetoric, reported on March 3, 2026,

reflects North Korea's deepening distrust of the United States and is likely to reinforce its determination to strengthen its own nuclear capabilities.

- Defense Policy and Strategic Shifts: Nuclear Threat to US Mainland

A "2026 Index of U.S. Military Strength" report by the Heritage Foundation, published on March 4, 2026, warned that North Korea's nuclear and missile capabilities pose a significant security challenge. The report suggests that North Korea can strike targets in the US mainland with multiple ICBMs like the Hwasong-17 and has achieved advanced technical sophistication for miniaturizing nuclear warheads, potentially using or threatening nuclear weapons to deter US military reinforcements in a Korean Peninsula contingency.

- Military Activities and Exercises: Sniper's Day Observance

On March 3, 2026, the North Korean army marked "Sniper's Day," with leader Kim Jong Un overseeing a sniper shooting contest across all unit levels at a training base in Pyongyang. This event, reported on March 3, 2026, highlights the regime's continuous emphasis on military readiness and training across various combat disciplines.

Geopolitical Impact and Regional Dynamics

North Korea's security developments from March 03-10, 2026, significantly impact regional stability and relations with major powers. Pyongyang's unwavering commitment to its nuclear program, declared "irreversible" at the 9th Party Congress, directly challenges the denuclearization goals of the United States and its allies. This stance, coupled with recent military demonstrations like the sea trials of a new warship and nuclear-capable cruise missiles, intensifies the arms race dynamic in Northeast Asia. The ongoing US-South Korea "Freedom Shield" exercises, viewed as provocative by North Korea, further exacerbate tensions, creating a cycle of military posturing that heightens the risk of miscalculation.

The deepening strategic alignment between North Korea, China, and Russia is a critical factor reshaping regional dynamics. Kim Jong Un's reaffirmation of strong ties with Xi Jinping on March 9, 2026, and the established military and economic cooperation with Russia, provide Pyongyang with significant diplomatic and material support. This trilateral relationship undermines international sanctions regimes and complicates efforts by the US, South Korea, and Japan to isolate North Korea. For the United States, North Korea's strengthened ties with its rivals, particularly in the context of the war in Ukraine, present a more complex security challenge, potentially diverting resources and attention from other strategic priorities.

The US-Israeli strikes on Iran, condemned strongly by North Korea on March 1, 2026, have further solidified Pyongyang's conviction in its nuclear deterrent. North Korea

likely perceives these actions as a validation of its "self-defensive" nuclear weapons development, reinforcing its distrust of Washington and making future engagement on denuclearization even more challenging. This regional instability, coupled with North Korea's advanced missile capabilities, including those capable of reaching the US mainland, creates a precarious strategic landscape where the threat of nuclear escalation remains a persistent concern for the US and its allies.

Military and Defense Analysis

North Korea's military and defense posture during this period is characterized by a relentless pursuit of advanced nuclear and conventional capabilities, as outlined in the "New National Defense Development Five-Year Plan." The inspection of a new warship and tests of nuclear-capable cruise missiles last week underscore a concerted effort to establish a sea-based leg of its nuclear triad, which would significantly enhance the survivability and operational flexibility of its nuclear arsenal. This modernization program also includes the development of expanded land and sea-based ICBM complexes and operational-tactical missile complexes, indicating a strategy to overwhelm missile defense systems and ensure retaliatory strike capabilities.

Defense spending trends, while not explicitly detailed in the search results for this specific week, are implicitly high given Kim Jong Un's directive in late 2025 to step up missile production and construct more munitions factories for 2026. This sustained investment in its defense industry is aimed at meeting the "growing need for the projectiles" and strengthening North Korea's "war deterrent." Furthermore, the emphasis on emerging military technologies such as AI-enabled uncrewed attack systems, electronic warfare capabilities, and anti-satellite weapons, as highlighted at the 9th Party Congress, suggests a focus on asymmetric warfare capabilities designed to counter technologically superior adversaries. The deployment of tactical missile systems targeting South Korea, including 600mm and 240mm multiple rocket launchers, further illustrates North Korea's intent to maintain a credible conventional threat against its southern neighbor.

Outlook and Forecast

Short-term trends (1-3 months): In the immediate future, North Korea is highly likely to continue its dual-track approach of military modernization and diplomatic isolation from the US and South Korea. Given Kim Jong Un's recent statements on the "irreversible" nature of its nuclear program and the ongoing US-ROK "Freedom Shield" exercises, Pyongyang will probably maintain a hardline stance, rejecting any dialogue that preconditions denuclearization. We can anticipate further rhetoric condemning

joint drills and potentially more military demonstrations, though likely not major provocations that would risk immediate large-scale conflict. The deepening ties with China and Russia will continue to be a cornerstone of North Korea's foreign policy, providing economic and military buffers against international pressure.

Critical flashpoints and risk areas: A primary flashpoint remains the Korean Peninsula's demilitarized zone (DMZ) and maritime borders, where accidental clashes could escalate rapidly, especially during or immediately after joint US-ROK exercises. North Korea's continued development and testing of advanced missile systems, particularly those with nuclear capabilities, pose a constant risk of miscalculation or unintended escalation. The potential for North Korean cyberattacks, aimed at financial institutions or critical infrastructure to fund its weapons programs, also represents a significant and ongoing threat. Furthermore, any perceived shift in US policy towards tacit acceptance of North Korea as a nuclear state, as suggested by some analyses, could embolden Pyongyang to undertake more aggressive actions.

Indicators to monitor: Key indicators to monitor include any further public statements from Kim Jong Un regarding military development or diplomatic engagement, particularly concerning the US and South Korea. Observing the scale and nature of North Korean military exercises and weapons tests will be crucial, especially for new missile types or naval capabilities. The extent of cooperation between North Korea, China, and Russia, including any reported transfers of military technology or economic aid, should be closely watched. Additionally, monitoring North Korean cyber activities for new tactics or targets will provide insight into their revenue generation and intelligence gathering efforts.

Strategic recommendations: To mitigate risks, the US and its allies should maintain a robust deterrence posture on the Korean Peninsula, clearly communicating red lines and consequences for North Korean provocations. While remaining open to dialogue, the US should avoid any actions that could be interpreted as tacit acceptance of North Korea's nuclear status without concrete steps towards denuclearization. Strengthening international cooperation to enforce sanctions, particularly against illicit cyber activities and arms trafficking, is essential to limit North Korea's funding for its weapons programs. Diplomatic efforts should focus on leveraging China and Russia to exert pressure on Pyongyang, emphasizing the shared interest in regional stability, even if their strategic objectives differ. Finally, enhancing cyber defenses and intelligence sharing among allies is critical to counter North Korea's evolving cyber threats.

ANNEX: COLLECTED ARTICLES BY SOURCE

Source: NK News

- [South Korea prepared to deter North, even if US moves defense systems: Lee](#) (2026-03-10 04:57)

South Korean President Lee Jae Myung dismissed concerns that the reported relocation of some U.S. air defense assets from the country would undermine deterrence against North Korea, saying such a move would not seriously affect Seoul's security. "If asked whether that would seriously hinder our deterrence strategy against North Korea, I can say with certainty [...]"

- [China, North Korea appear to resume train service after six-year suspension](#) (2026-03-10 03:49)

China appears to have resumed passenger train services to North Korea after a six year suspension, according to photos of a railway notice and tickets circulating on Chinese social media, hinting at a possible loosening of border restrictions between the two countries. Photos of a memo attributed to the International Cooperation Department of China Railway [...]"

- [US-ROK drills pose 'terrible' risks, warrant preemptive action: Kim Yo Jong](#) (2026-03-10 01:39)

The North Korean leader's influential sister lambasted the U.S.-South Korea joint military exercises that kicked off this week, warning of the "most terrible" consequences and an overwhelming response from Pyongyang. The Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) released a statement by Kim Yo Jong on Tuesday, marking her first public remarks in her new role as [...]"

- [China 'intercepted' helicopter tracking North Korean smuggling, Australia says](#) (2026-03-09 09:37)

A Chinese military helicopter performed an "unsafe and unprofessional" maneuver that forced an Australian naval aircraft to take evasive action during a North Korea sanctions monitoring mission in the Yellow Sea last week, according to Canberra's defense ministry. In a press release issued Friday, the Department of Defence said a People's Liberation Army (PLA) Navy [...]"

- [North Korea abruptly cancels sold-out international marathon](#) (2026-03-09 07:41)

North Korea abruptly cancelled its premier international marathon with less than a month until the race, highlighting the country's apparent lack of readiness in welcoming back international visitors after several years of tourism stoppages. DPRK-focused travel agency Koryo Tours, the marathon's international partner, informed registered foreign participants via email on

Monday that North Korean authorities [...]

- [Kim Jong Un delivers his first speech commemorating International Women’s Day](#) (2026-03-09 07:02)

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un on Sunday celebrated International Women’s Day with his family by attending a concert in Pyongyang, where he delivered a speech urging women to “fulfill the sacred mission and duty” of contributing to the country. Kim marked the holiday with an unspecified “grand performance” at the Pyongyang Indoor Stadium with [...]

- [100,000 South Korean troops mobilized for yearlong Korean War remains excavation](#) (2026-03-09 05:43)

South Korea’s military began its annual campaign of searching for Korean War-era remains at frontline battlefields nationwide Monday, despite North Korea’s continued absence from the effort. Roughly 100,000 troops from 30 Army formations and the 1st Marine Division will be mobilized for the eight-month excavation effort this year, according to a Defense Ministry news release [...]

- [UN envoy proposes new system for monitoring North Korean human rights](#) (2026-03-06 09:30)

The U.N. special envoy for North Korean human rights has proposed almost 50 indicators to track Pyongyang’s compliance with its human rights commitments, calling for greater efforts to hold the country accountable for violations. In an advance, unedited copy of her report to the U.N. Human Rights Council’s ongoing 61st session, special rapporteur Elizabeth Salmón [...]

- [Russian, North Korean firms building plastics factory in Vladivostok](#) (2026-03-06 09:19)

A Russian company has joined forces with a North Korean partner to build a plastics manufacturing plant in Vladivostok, despite U.N. sanctions that prohibit joint ventures with DPRK entities. The Moscow-based Golden Autumn Agroholding is in charge of the factory’s construction in the Far East city, according to the social media account of Vladimir Sokolov, [...]

- [Seoul seeks to build blockchain-based ‘peace trade system’ with North Korea](#) (2026-03-06 09:18)

Seoul has announced a new plan to establish a blockchain-based “peace trade system” that would allow North Korea to export minerals under international oversight, despite Pyongyang’s rejection of all inter-Korean dialogue at its recent Ninth Party Congress. The proposal is part of a “Korean Peninsula Peace Package” that the Unification Ministry released on Friday, laying [...]

- [North Korean doctors illegally working at clinics in Russia and Kyrgyzstan](#) (2026-03-06 08:02)

North Korean practitioners of traditional medicine are working at clinics in Russia and Central Asia, an NK News investigation has found, in what appear to be rare examples of the DPRK exporting skilled labor in violation of U.N. sanctions. In one case, a hospital in Moscow openly advertised the services of a DPRK physician, releasing [...]

- [North Korean and Russian cyber actors are teaming up. So must allies.](#) (2026-03-06 05:50)

Editor's note: The following article is an opinion piece by Pia Hüsich and Joseph Jarnecki of the Royal United Services Institute, based on their research paper entitled "Strengthening UK-South Korea Cyber Security Cooperation." Views expressed in opinion articles are exclusively the author's own and do not represent those of NK News. Emerging evidence of cooperation [...]

- [China's repatriation of North Koreans may be crimes against humanity: Report](#) (2026-03-05 09:53)

China's forced repatriations of North Korean defectors could amount to crimes against humanity under international law, according to a new report that documented cases of abuse, including forced abortions and physical beatings. In its report released Thursday, the Database Center for North Korean Human Rights (NKDB) states that Chinese security officials' actions targeting a group [...]

- [US and Russia clash over North Korean nukes at UN forum](#) (2026-03-05 07:54)

The United States and Russia clashed over North Korea's nuclear program at a major international forum this week, with Moscow defending its ally's nuclear arsenal and demanding the U.N. watchdog stop releasing "speculative" reports on its enrichment activities. The head of the U.S. mission in Vienna condemned the DPRK's nuclear program as unlawful and called [...]

- [Lee Jae Myung dismisses talk of strikes on North Korea like those on Iran](#) (2026-03-05 06:34)

South Korean President Lee Jae Myung has dismissed speculation that U.S.-style military strikes similar to Iran could be directed at North Korea, warning that such rhetoric risks destabilizing the Korean Peninsula and urging officials to focus on maintaining peace. Lee made the remarks during a special Cabinet meeting on Thursday focused on the administration's response [...]

- [North Korean education officials visit Chinese school furniture factory](#) (2026-03-05 04:43)

A North Korean delegation visited a Chinese factory producing classroom desks and chairs, highlighting Pyongyang's interest in modernizing schools through potential imports of Chinese supplies. A short video posted on Chinese social media platform Douyin on March 3 showed North Korean Ministry of Education officials touring a factory owned by the Hebei Comnenir Furniture Sales [...]

- [Kim Jong Un oversees cruise missile test from new warship ahead of deployment](#)

(2026-03-04 21:45)

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un oversaw cruise missile launches from the Choe Hyon destroyer on the west coast on Wednesday, according to state media, as part of testing before the warship's commissioning. He also boarded the "nuclear armed" vessel for maneuverability and navigation system tests on Tuesday, and attended sniper shooting competition that day [...]

- [North Korea, Russian nukes are 'primary existential threat' to US: Pentagon](#)

(2026-03-04 08:37)

North Korean and Russian nuclear weapons constitute the "primary existential threat" facing the U.S., Undersecretary of Defense Elbridge Colby told lawmakers on Tuesday, defending the Trump administration's push for Seoul to take the lead in conventional defense planning against Pyongyang. Colby made the remarks during a Senate Armed Services Committee hearing on the 2026 National [...]

- [North Korea to hold elections for rubber-stamp parliament after two-year delay](#)

(2026-03-04 08:16)

North Korea will hold elections for its rubber-stamp parliament this month after a nearly two-year delay, in what appears to be rapid preparations for endorsing new plans laid out at the Ninth Party Congress. State media on Wednesday released two decrees from the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly (SPA), which set the date [...]

- [How Kim Yo Jong's secretive new job helps her brother solidify control](#) (2026-03-04 07:55)

The promotion of the North Korean leader's sister Kim Yo Jong has put her in charge of a highly secretive party organ that plays a central role in overseeing the implementation of state policies, as well as in governing the flow of information to and from the leader. In other words, to get to Kim [...]

- [UN announces 8 new sanctions exemptions for humanitarian aid to North Korea](#)

(2026-03-04 05:33)

The U.N. announced eight new sanctions exemptions to support humanitarian assistance bound for North Korea, in the first wave of approvals since the U.S. reversed course on blocking aid last month. On Tuesday, the website of the U.N. Security Council's 1718 Committee overseeing DPRK sanctions was updated to reflect the new exemptions awarded to multiple [...]

- [Russia asked for North Korean POWs in prisoner exchange, lawmaker says](#) (2026-03-03

09:34)

Russia has repeatedly sought the repatriation of North Korean prisoners of war during prisoner exchanges with Ukraine, according to an ROK lawmaker, warning that they are in danger of forced repatriation. Kyiv has confirmed that Russia included the two POWs detained in Ukraine

in lists of prisoners to be exchanged, Yu Yong-weon of the conservative [...]

- [North Korea reveals first-known Kim Jong Un sculpture, boosting personality cult](#) (2026-03-03 09:30)

North Korean state TV has revealed a new sculpture depicting Kim Jong Un at a groundbreaking ceremony, in what appears to be the first such artwork of the country's current leader. "A statue of Chairman Kim Jong Un appeared this time on Korean Central Television (KCTV), and to our knowledge it was the first time [...]"

- [Russian TV touts North Korean troops' 'selfless' sacrifice after US strikes Iran](#) (2026-03-03 08:46)

Russian state TV aired footage of half-dressed North Korean soldiers practicing martial arts and glorifying suicide over capture in a segment on Sunday, praising the DPRK as the "only country" that has come to Russia's aid. The segment ran during a two-hour show that largely focused on U.S.-Israeli strikes against Iran, with an expert telling [...]"

- [China seizes 100 tons of frogs and scallops, possibly from North Korea](#) (2026-03-03 04:06)

A 100-ton shipment of scallops and frogs recently seized by China's coast guard may have originated from North Korea, according to NK News analysis. The Chinese coast guard said it seized a ship carrying the Yezzo scallops and Dybowski's frogs on Feb. 21. Twenty-seven suspects were detained and two trucks were seized in connection to [...]"

- [North Korea has finished new facility at nuclear complex, watchdog says](#) (2026-03-03 03:50)

North Korea has completed external construction of a new facility at its main nuclear research center in Yongbyon, according to the head of the U.N. nuclear watchdog, while continuing to operate its nuclear reactors in support of uranium enrichment. In a statement to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) Board of Governors on Monday, Director-General [...]"

- [Ankit Panda: North Korea's deterrence calculus after US strikes on Iran](#) (2026-03-03 02:53)

International security expert Ankit Panda joins the podcast this week to unpack the latest U.S.-Israel strikes on Iran and what they could mean for North Korea's deterrence thinking. The conversation covers what does and doesn't translate to the Korean Peninsula: the impact of geography and escalation dynamics, why saturation tactics and interceptor "magazine depth" matter [...]"

Source: NK Pro

- [What to know about the North Korean towns chosen for 2026 rural development plan](#) (2026-03-09 07:20)

North Korea has announced the 21 counties selected for construction of new light industry factories, hospitals and “leisure complexes” under the third year of leader Kim Jong Un’s “20×10” rural development project. NK Pro analysis has found that over half of the counties host important military and weapon production bases, while only two appear to [...] The post What to know about the North Korean towns chosen for 2026 rural development plan appeared first on NK PRO.

- [Breaking down the debate over military exercises on the Korean Peninsula](#) (2026-03-09 03:23)

U.S.-South Korea combined exercises are kicking off this week after some deliberation on the scale of the training by Seoul, based on the impact on potential inter-Korean engagement. While the allies eventually approved of most of the planned exercises, the debate will continue to play out in Seoul, as the South Korean government pushes for [...] The post Breaking down the debate over military exercises on the Korean Peninsula appeared first on NK PRO.

- [North Korea goes into overdrive to promote Party Congress plans](#) (2026-03-06 05:55)

the recently concluded Ninth Party Congress this week, depicting the entire country as mobilizing behind the Workers’ Party of Korea to implement its plans. Reports on workers, soldiers and party organizations pledging their support for the congress’ decisions filled the pages of official outlets daily, while leader Kim Jong Un’s inspections of a concrete factory [...] The post North Korea goes into overdrive to promote Party Congress plans appeared first on NK PRO.

- [Why health insurance could be coming to North Korea](#) (2026-03-04 02:17)

North Korea appears to be preparing a major shift in how it funds health care, seeking to fix a broken system that has increasingly fallen outside state control. For most of the DPRK’s history, free medical care has been a basic promise of the communist state, with the government paying to build hospitals and provide [...] The post Why health insurance could be coming to North Korea appeared first on NK PRO.

- [North Korea in February 2026: A month in review and what’s ahead](#) (2026-03-03 09:26)

About the Month in Review Every month, NK Pro conducts an in-depth analytic review of news on the Korean Peninsula. This Month in Review covers the period of Feb. 1, 2026 to Feb. 28, 2026. In addition to an executive summary providing top-line findings, the following review includes detailed analysis on a wide range of [...] The post North Korea in February 2026: A month in review and what’s ahead appeared first on NK PRO.

- [New construction starts at North Korean shipyard, site of failed warship launch](#) (2026-03-03 09:10)

Large new construction recently began at North Korea's Chongjin Shipyard, possibly signaling progress in Pyongyang's efforts to build another destroyer-type warship at the site after a disastrous failed launch last year, according to NK Pro analysis of satellite imagery. Planet Labs imagery shows digging work started in late January to the south of the outdoor [...] The post New construction starts at North Korean shipyard, site of failed warship launch appeared first on NK PRO.